


**PSL NITRILE  
RUBBER BASE  
SEALANT**



**SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION**

- 1.1 Product Name:** PSL NITRILE RUBBER BASE SEALANT  
**Other means of identification:**  
922100001
- 1.2 Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use:**  
Relevant uses: Adhesive coating. For professional users/industrial user only.  
Uses advised against: All uses not specified in this section or in section 7.3
- 1.3 Name, address, and telephone number of the chemical manufacturer, importer, or other responsible party:**  
Modern Recreational Technologies, Inc.  
7625 Thorndike Rd  
Greensboro, NC, 27409 - United States  
Phone: 800-728-8258
- 1.4 Emergency phone number:** Chemtrec: +1-800-424-9300 USA; +1 703-527-3887 ex-USA; 24 hrs./day, 7 days/week

**SECTION 2: HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION**

- 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture:**  
**29 CFR 1910.1200:**  
Classification of this product has been carried out in accordance with paragraph (d) of § 1910.1200.  
Eye Irrit. 2A: Eye irritation, Category 2A, H319  
Flam. Liq. 2: Flammable liquids, Category 2, H225  
STOT SE 3: Specific toxicity causing drowsiness and dizziness, single exposure, Category 3, H336
- 2.2 Label elements:**  
**29 CFR 1910.1200:**  
**Danger**
- 
- Hazard statements:**  
Eye Irrit. 2A: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.  
Flam. Liq. 2: H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.  
STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- Precautionary statements:**  
P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.  
P280: Wear protective gloves/face protection/protective clothing/respiratory protection/protective footwear.  
P303+P361+P353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.  
P304+P340: IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.  
P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.  
P370+P378: In case of fire: Use Foam extinguisher (AB), Dry Chemical Powder (ABC) Fire Extinguisher, Carbon dioxide extinguisher (BC) to extinguish.  
P403+P233: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.  
P501: Dispose of contents and / or containers in accordance with regulations on hazardous waste or packaging and packaging waste respectively.
- Substances that contribute to the classification**  
METHYL ACETATE (CAS: 79-20-9); ACETONE (CAS: 67-64-1); Methyl Ethyl Ketone (CAS: 78-93-3)
- Additional labeling:**



**WARNING**

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**SECTION 2: HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION (continued)**

This product can expose you to chemicals including methanol, Methyl Isobutyl Ketone, which is [are] known to the State of California to cause cancer, and Methyl Isobutyl Ketone, Vinyl chloride, acetaldehyde, Silicon dioxide (RCS < 1%), which is [are] known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to [www.P65Warnings.ca.gov](http://www.P65Warnings.ca.gov).

**2.3 Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC):**

Not applicable (N/A)

**SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

**3.1 Substances:**

Non-applicable

**3.2 Mixtures:**

**Chemical description:** Mixture composed of additives, pigments and resins in solvents

**Components:**

Remaining components are non-hazardous and/or present at amounts below reportable limits. The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret in accordance with paragraph (i) of §1910.1200. Therefore, in accordance with Appendix D to § 1910.1200, the product contains:

Identification	Chemical name/Classification	Concentration
CAS: 79-20-9	<b>methyl acetate</b> Eye Irrit. 2A: H319; Flam. Liq. 2: H225; STOT SE 3: H336 - Danger	<b>25 - &lt;50 %</b>
CAS: 67-64-1	<b>acetone</b> Eye Irrit. 2A: H319; Flam. Liq. 2: H225; STOT SE 3: H336 - Danger	<b>2.5 - &lt;10 %</b>
CAS: 108-10-1	<b>Methyl Isobutyl Ketone</b> Acute Tox. 4: H332; Eye Irrit. 2A: H319; Flam. Liq. 2: H225; STOT SE 3: H335 - Danger	<b>2.5 - &lt;10 %</b>
CAS: 78-93-3	<b>Methyl Ethyl Ketone</b> Eye Irrit. 2A: H319; Flam. Liq. 2: H225; STOT SE 3: H336 - Danger	<b>1 - &lt;2.5 %</b>
CAS: 67-56-1	<b>methanol</b> Acute Tox. 3: H301+H311+H331; Flam. Liq. 2: H225; STOT SE 1: H370 - Danger	<b>&lt;1 %</b>

To obtain more information on the hazards of the substances consult sections 11, 12 and 16.

**SECTION 4: FIRST-AID MEASURES**

**4.1 Description of necessary measures:**

The symptoms resulting from intoxication can appear after exposure, therefore, in case of doubt, seek medical attention for direct exposure to the chemical product or persistent discomfort, showing the SDS of this product.

**By inhalation:**

Remove the person affected from the area of exposure, provide with fresh air and keep at rest. In serious cases such as cardiorespiratory failure, artificial resuscitation techniques will be necessary (mouth to mouth resuscitation, cardiac massage, oxygen supply, etc.) requiring immediate medical assistance.

**By skin contact:**

Remove contaminated clothing and footwear, rinse skin or shower the person affected if appropriate with plenty of cold water and neutral soap. In serious cases see a doctor. If the product causes burns or freezing, clothing should not be removed as this could worsen the injury caused if it is stuck to the skin. If blisters form on the skin, these should never be burst as this will increase the risk of infection.

**By eye contact:**

Rinse eyes thoroughly with lukewarm water for at least 15 minutes. Do not allow the person affected to rub or close their eyes. If the injured person uses contact lenses, these should be removed unless they are stuck to the eyes, as this could cause further damage. In all cases, after cleaning, a doctor should be consulted as quickly as possible with the SDS of the product.

**By ingestion/aspiration:**

Do not induce vomiting, but if it does happen keep the head down to avoid aspiration. Keep the person affected at rest. Rinse out the mouth and throat, as they may have been affected during ingestion.

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**SECTION 4: FIRST-AID MEASURES (continued)**

**4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed:**

Acute and delayed effects are indicated in sections 2 and 11.

**4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary:**

Not available

**SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

**5.1 Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media:**

**Suitable extinguishing media:**

Foam extinguisher (AB), Dry Chemical Powder (ABC) Fire Extinguisher, Carbon dioxide extinguisher (BC)

**Unsuitable extinguishing media:**

Water jet

**5.2 Specific hazards arising from the chemical:**

As a result of combustion or thermal decomposition reactive sub-products are created that can become highly toxic and, consequently, can present a serious health risk.

**5.3 Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters:**

Depending on the magnitude of the fire it may be necessary to use full protective clothing and individual respiratory equipment. Minimum emergency facilities and equipment should be available (fire blankets, portable first aid kit,...)

**Additional provisions:**

As in any fire, prevent human exposure to fire, smoke, fumes or products of combustion. Only properly trained personnel should be involved in firefighting. Evacuate nonessential personnel from the fire area. Destroy any source of ignition. In case of fire, refrigerate the storage containers and tanks for products susceptible to inflammation. Avoid spillage of the products used to extinguish the fire into an aqueous medium.

**SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

**6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:**

**For non-emergency personnel:**

Isolate leaks provided that there is no additional risk for the people performing this task. Evacuate the area and keep out those without protection. Personal protection equipment must be used against potential contact with the spilt product (See section 8). Above all prevent the formation of any vapour-air flammable mixtures, through either ventilation or the use of an inert medium. Remove any source of ignition. Eliminate electrostatic charges by interconnecting all the conductive surfaces on which static electricity could form, and also ensuring that all surfaces are connected to the ground.

**For emergency responders:**

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away. See section 8.

**6.2 Environmental precautions:**

This product is not classified as hazardous to the environment. Keep product away from drains, surface and underground water.

**6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:**

For accidental releases in excess of reportable quantities (RQ) (Table 302.4), refer to 40 CFR 302 for detailed instructions concerning reporting requirements and notify the National Response Center (800) 424-8802.

Absorb the spillage using sand or inert absorbent and move it to a safe place. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible absorbents. For any concern related to disposal consult section 13.

**6.4 Reference to other sections:**

See sections 8 and 13.

**SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

**7.1 Precautions for safe handling:**

A.- General precautions for safe use

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**SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE (continued)**

Comply with the current standards 29 CFR 1910 Occupational Safety and Health Standards. Keep containers hermetically sealed. Control spills and residues, destroying them with safe methods (section 6). Avoid leakages from the container. Maintain order and cleanliness where dangerous products are used.

**B.- Technical recommendations for the prevention of fires and explosions**

Because the product is a flammable liquid, storage should meet the requirement of 29 CFR 1910.106, Flammable and Combustible Liquids Code. Transfer in well ventilated areas, preferably through localized extraction. Fully control sources of ignition (mobile phones, sparks,...) and ventilate during cleaning operations. Avoid the existence of dangerous atmospheres inside containers, applying inertization systems where possible. Transfer at a slow speed to avoid the creation of electrostatic charges. Against the possibility of electrostatic charges: ensure a perfect equipotential connection, always use groundings, do not wear work clothes made of acrylic fibres, preferably wearing cotton clothing and conductive footwear. Comply with the essential security requirements for equipment and systems and with the minimum requirements for protecting the security and health of workers. Consult section 10 for conditions and materials that should be avoided.

**C.- Technical recommendations on general occupational hygiene**

Do not eat or drink during the process, washing hands afterwards with suitable cleaning products.

**D.- Technical recommendations to prevent environmental risks**

It is recommended to have absorbent material available at close proximity to the product (See subsection 6.3)

**7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:**

**A.- Specific storage requirements**

Minimum Temp.: 41 °F

Maximum Temp.: 90 °F

**B.- General conditions for storage**

Avoid sources of heat, radiation, static electricity and contact with food. For additional information see subsection 10.5

**7.3 Specific end use(s):**

Except for the instructions already specified it is not necessary to provide any special recommendation regarding the uses of this product.

**SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

**8.1 Control parameters:**

Substances whose occupational exposure limits have to be monitored in the workplace:

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000):

Identification	Occupational exposure limits		
	8-hour TWA PEL	200 ppm	610 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
methyl acetate CAS: 79-20-9	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL		
methanol <sup>(1)</sup> CAS: 67-56-1	8-hour TWA PEL	200 ppm	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL		
acetone CAS: 67-64-1	8-hour TWA PEL	1000 ppm	2400 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL		
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone CAS: 108-10-1	8-hour TWA PEL	100 ppm	410 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL		
Vinyl chloride CAS: 75-01-4	8-hour TWA PEL	1 ppm	
	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL	5 ppm	
acetaldehyde CAS: 75-07-0	8-hour TWA PEL	200 ppm	360 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL		
Methyl Ethyl Ketone CAS: 78-93-3	8-hour TWA PEL	200 ppm	590 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL		
Cyclohexanone <sup>(1)</sup> CAS: 108-94-1	8-hour TWA PEL	50 ppm	200 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL		
Titanium dioxide	8-hour TWA PEL		15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

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**SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)**

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000):

Identification	Occupational exposure limits		
	CAS: 13463-67-7	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL	
Limestone	8-hour TWA PEL		5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
CAS: 1317-65-3	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL		

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2022):

Identification	Occupational exposure limits		
	methyl acetate CAS: 79-20-9	TLV-TWA TLV-STEL	200 ppm 250 ppm
methanol <sup>(1)</sup> CAS: 67-56-1	TLV-TWA TLV-STEL	200 ppm 250 ppm	
acetone CAS: 67-64-1	TLV-TWA TLV-STEL	250 ppm 500 ppm	
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone CAS: 108-10-1	TLV-TWA TLV-STEL	20 ppm 75 ppm	
vinyl acetate CAS: 108-05-4	TLV-TWA TLV-STEL	10 ppm 15 ppm	
Vinyl chloride CAS: 75-01-4	TLV-TWA TLV-STEL	1 ppm	
propanal CAS: 123-38-6	TLV-TWA TLV-STEL	20 ppm	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone CAS: 78-93-3	TLV-TWA TLV-STEL	50 ppm 100 ppm	
Cyclohexanone <sup>(1)</sup> CAS: 108-94-1	TLV-TWA TLV-STEL	20 ppm 50 ppm	
Titanium dioxide CAS: 13463-67-7	TLV-TWA TLV-STEL		2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Aluminium hydroxide CAS: 21645-51-2	TLV-TWA TLV-STEL		1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Limestone CAS: 1317-65-3	TLV-TWA TLV-STEL		10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 20 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Quartz (1 % < RCS < 10%) CAS: 14808-60-7	TLV-TWA TLV-STEL		0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

CALIFORNIA- TABLE AC-1 PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LIMITS FOR CHEMICAL CONTAMINANTS:

Identification	Occupational exposure limits		
	methyl acetate CAS: 79-20-9	PEL STEL	200 ppm 250 ppm
methanol <sup>(1)</sup> CAS: 67-56-1	PEL STEL	200 ppm 250 ppm	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 325 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
acetone CAS: 67-64-1	PEL STEL	500 ppm 750 ppm	1200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 1780 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone CAS: 108-10-1	PEL STEL	50 ppm 75 ppm	205 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
vinyl acetate CAS: 108-05-4	PEL STEL	10 ppm 15 ppm	30 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 45 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Vinyl chloride CAS: 75-01-4	PEL STEL	1 ppm	
acetaldehyde CAS: 75-07-0	PEL STEL	25 ppm 25 ppm	45 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 45 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Cyclohexanone <sup>(1)</sup> CAS: 108-94-1	PEL STEL	25 ppm	100 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Quartz (1 % < RCS < 10%) CAS: 14808-60-7	PEL STEL		0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

<sup>(1)</sup> Skin

**Biological limit values:**

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**SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)**

Biological Exposure Indices (BEIs®) - ACGIH


Identification	BEIs®	Determinant	Sampling Time
methanol CAS: 67-56-1	15 mg/L	Methanol in urine	End of shift
acetone CAS: 67-64-1	25 mg/L	Acetone in urine	End of shift
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone CAS: 108-10-1	1 mg/L	Methyl isobutyl ketone in urine	End of shift
Methyl Ethyl Ketone CAS: 78-93-3	2 mg/L	Methyl ethyl ketone in urine	End of shift
Cyclohexanone CAS: 108-94-1	8 mg/L	Cyclohexanol in urine	End of shift

**8.2 Appropriate engineering controls:**


A.- Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

As a preventative measure it is recommended to use basic Personal Protection Equipment. For more information on Personal Protection Equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, class of protection,...) consult the information leaflet provided by the manufacturer. For more information see subsection 7.1. All information contained herein is a recommendation, the information on clothing performance must be combined with professional judgment, and a clear understanding of the clothing application, to provide the best protection to the worker. All chemical protective clothing use must be based on a hazard assessment to determine the risks for exposure to chemicals and other hazards. Conduct hazard assessments in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.132.

B.- Respiratory protection


Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
 Mandatory respiratory tract protection	Filter mask for gases and vapours	Replace when there is a taste or smell of the contaminant inside the face mask. If the contaminant comes with warnings it is recommended to use isolation equipment. Use respirator in accordance with manufacturer's use limitations and OSHA standard 1910.134 (29CFR)

C.- Specific protection for the hands



Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
 Mandatory hand protection	Chemical protective gloves (Material: Linear low-density polyethylene (LLDPE), Breakthrough time: > 480 min, Thickness: 0.062 mm)	The Breakthrough Time indicated by the manufacturer must exceed the period during which the product is being used. Do not use protective creams after the product has come into contact with skin. Use gloves in accordance with manufacturer's use limitations and OSHA standard 1910.138 (29CFR)

As the product is a mixture of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance with total reliability and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

D.- Eye and face protection

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
 Mandatory face protection	Face shield	Clean daily and disinfect periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions. Use if there is a risk of splashing. Use this PPE in accordance with manufacturer's use limitations and OSHA standard 1910.133 (29CFR)

E.- Bodily protection



Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
 Mandatory complete body protection	Disposable clothing for protection against chemical risks, with antistatic and fireproof properties	For professional use only. Clean periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions.
 Mandatory foot protection	Safety footwear for protection against chemical risk, with antistatic and heat resistant properties	Replace boots at any sign of deterioration.

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**SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)**

F.- Additional emergency measures

Emergency measure	Standards	Emergency measure	Standards
 Emergency shower	ANSI Z358-1 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011	 Eyewash stations	DIN 12 899 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011

**Environmental exposure controls:**

In accordance with the community legislation for the protection of the environment it is recommended to avoid environmental spillage of both the product and its container. For additional information see subsection 7.1.D

**SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

**9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties:**

For complete information see the product datasheet.

**Appearance:**

Physical state at 68 °F:	Liquid
Appearance:	Not available
Color:	Not available
Odor:	Not available
Odour threshold:	Not available *

**Volatility:**

Boiling point at atmospheric pressure:	142 °F
Vapour pressure at 74 °F:	24606 Pa
Vapour pressure at 122 °F:	72130 Pa (72.13 kPa)
Evaporation rate at 74 °F:	Not available *

**Product description:**

Density at 74 °F:	1148.7 kg/m <sup>3</sup>
Relative density at 74 °F:	1.149
Dynamic viscosity at 74 °F:	Not available *
Kinematic viscosity at 74 °F:	Not available *
Kinematic viscosity at 104 °F:	Not available *
Concentration:	Not available *
pH:	Not available *
Vapour density at 74 °F:	Not available *
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water 74 °F:	Not available *
Solubility in water at 74 °F:	Not available *
Solubility properties:	Not available *
Decomposition temperature:	Not available *
Melting point/freezing point:	Not available *

**Flammability:**

Flash Point:	15 °F
Flammability (solid, gas):	Not available *
Autoignition temperature:	365 °F
Lower flammability limit:	Not available
Upper flammability limit:	Not available

\*Not available due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

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**SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES (continued)**

**Particle characteristics:**

Median equivalent diameter: Non-applicable

**9.2 Other information:**

**Information with regard to physical hazard classes:**

Explosive properties: Not available \*

Oxidising properties: Not available \*

Corrosive to metals: Not available \*

Heat of combustion: Not available \*

Aerosols-total percentage (by mass) of flammable components: Not available \*

**Other safety characteristics:**

Surface tension at 74 °F: Not available \*

Refraction index: Not available \*

\*Not available due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

**SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

**10.1 Reactivity:**

No hazardous reactions are expected because the product is stable under recommended storage conditions. See section 7 from Safety Data Sheet.

**10.2 Chemical stability:**

Chemically stable under the indicated conditions of storage, handling and use.

**10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:**

Under the specified conditions, hazardous reactions that lead to excessive temperatures or pressure are not expected.

**10.4 Conditions to avoid:**

Applicable for handling and storage at room temperature:

Shock and friction	Contact with air	Increase in temperature	Sunlight	Humidity
Not applicable	Not applicable	Risk of combustion	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable

**10.5 Incompatible materials:**

Acids	Water	Oxidising materials	Combustible materials	Others
Avoid strong acids	Not applicable	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable	Avoid alkalis or strong bases

**10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:**

See subsection 10.3, 10.4 and 10.5 to find out the specific decomposition products. Depending on the decomposition conditions, complex mixtures of chemical substances can be released: carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), carbon monoxide and other organic compounds.

**SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**11.1 Information on toxicological effects:**

The experimental information related to the toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

**Dangerous health implications:**

In case of exposure that is repetitive, prolonged or at concentrations higher than recommended by the occupational exposure limits, it may result in adverse effects on health depending on the means of exposure:

A- Ingestion (acute effect):

- Acute toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however, it contains substances classified as dangerous for consumption. For more information see section 3.
- Corrosivity/Irritability: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

B- Inhalation (acute effect):

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**SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)**

- Acute toxicity : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as hazardous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.
- Corrosivity/Irritability: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as hazardous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.
- C- Contact with the skin and the eyes (acute effect):
  - Contact with the skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as hazardous for skin contact. For more information see section 3.
  - Contact with the eyes: Produces eye damage after contact.
- D- CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity to reproduction):
  - Carcinogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for the effects mentioned. For more information see section 3.  
IARC: Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (2B); Silicon dioxide (1 % < RCS < 10 %) (3); vinyl acetate (2B); Vinyl chloride (1); acetaldehyde (2B); Cyclohexanone (3); Titanium dioxide (2B); Quartz (1 % < RCS < 10%) (1)
  - Mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
  - Reproductive toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- E- Sensitizing effects:
  - Respiratory: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous with sensitising effects. For more information see section 3.
  - Skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- F- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - single exposure:
 

Exposure in high concentration can cause a breakdown in the central nervous system causing headache, dizziness, vertigo, nausea, vomiting, confusion, and in serious cases, loss of consciousness.
- G- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure:
  - Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
  - Skin: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking
- H- Aspiration hazard:
 

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

**Other information:**

Not applicable (N/A)

**Specific toxicology information on the substances:**

Identification	Acute toxicity		Genus
methyl acetate CAS: 79-20-9	LD50 oral	6482 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	18684 mg/kg	Guinean pig
	LC50 inhalation	75 mg/L (4 h)	Rabbit
methanol CAS: 67-56-1	LD50 oral	100 mg/kg (ATEi)	
	LD50 dermal	300 mg/kg (ATEi)	
	LC50 inhalation	3 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
acetone CAS: 67-64-1	LD50 oral	5800 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	7426 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation	76 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone CAS: 108-10-1	LD50 oral	>5000 mg/kg	
	LD50 dermal	>5000 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation	11 mg/L (4 h) (ATEi)	Rat
Methyl Ethyl Ketone CAS: 78-93-3	LD50 oral	4000 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	6400 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation	23.5 mg/L (4 h)	Rat

**Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE mix):**

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**SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)**

ATE mix		Ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity
Oral	67053.16 mg/kg (Calculation method)	0 %
Dermal	272362.31 mg/kg (Calculation method)	0 %
Inhalation	227.09 mg/L (4 h) (Calculation method)	0 %

**SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

The experimental information related to the eco-toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

**12.1 Ecotoxicity (aquatic and terrestrial, where available):**

**Acute toxicity:**

Identification	Concentration		Species	Genus
	LC50	EC50		
methyl acetate CAS: 79-20-9	LC50	320 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
	EC50	1026.7 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	120 mg/L (72 h)	Scenedesmus subspicatus	Algae
acetone CAS: 67-64-1	LC50	5540 mg/L (96 h)	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Fish
	EC50	8800 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia pulex	Crustacean
	EC50	3400 mg/L (48 h)	Chlorella pyrenoidosa	Algae
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone CAS: 108-10-1	LC50	>179 mg/L (96 h)	Danio rerio	Fish
	EC50	>200 mg/L (24 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	Not applicable (N/A)		
Methyl Ethyl Ketone CAS: 78-93-3	LC50	3220 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
	EC50	5091 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	4300 mg/L (168 h)	Scenedesmus quadricauda	Algae
methanol CAS: 67-56-1	LC50	15400 mg/L (96 h)	Lepomis macrochirus	Fish
	EC50	12000 mg/L (96 h)	Nitrocris spinipes	Crustacean
	EC50	530 mg/L (168 h)	Microcystis aeruginosa	Algae

**Chronic toxicity:**

Identification	Concentration		Species	Genus
	NOEC	EC50		
acetone CAS: 67-64-1	NOEC	Not applicable (N/A)		
	NOEC	2212 mg/L	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
methanol CAS: 67-56-1	NOEC	15800 mg/L	Oryzias latipes	Fish
	NOEC	122 mg/L	Daphnia magna	Crustacean

**12.2 Persistence and degradability:**

**Substance-specific information:**

Identification	Degradability		Biodegradability	
	BOD5	COD	Concentration	Period
methyl acetate CAS: 79-20-9	BOD5	Not applicable (N/A)	Concentration	100 mg/L
	COD	Not applicable (N/A)	Period	14 days
	BOD5/COD	Not applicable (N/A)	% Biodegradable	92 %
acetone CAS: 67-64-1	BOD5	Not applicable (N/A)	Concentration	100 mg/L
	COD	Not applicable (N/A)	Period	28 days
	BOD5/COD	Not applicable (N/A)	% Biodegradable	96 %
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone CAS: 108-10-1	BOD5	2.06 g O2/g	Concentration	100 mg/L
	COD	2.16 g O2/g	Period	28 days
	BOD5/COD	0.95	% Biodegradable	83 %

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**SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)**

Identification	Degradability		Biodegradability	
	Methyl Ethyl Ketone CAS: 78-93-3	BOD5	2.03 g O2/g	Concentration
	COD	2.31 g O2/g	Period	20 days
	BOD5/COD	0.88	% Biodegradable	89 %
methanol CAS: 67-56-1	BOD5	Not applicable (N/A)	Concentration	100 mg/L
	COD	1.42 g O2/g	Period	14 days
	BOD5/COD	Not applicable (N/A)	% Biodegradable	92 %

**12.3 Bioaccumulative potential:**

**Substance-specific information:**

Identification	Bioaccumulation potential	
	methyl acetate CAS: 79-20-9	BCF
	Pow Log	0.18
	Potential	Low
acetone CAS: 67-64-1	BCF	1
	Pow Log	-0.24
	Potential	Low
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone CAS: 108-10-1	BCF	2
	Pow Log	1.31
	Potential	Low
Methyl Ethyl Ketone CAS: 78-93-3	BCF	3
	Pow Log	0.29
	Potential	Low
methanol CAS: 67-56-1	BCF	3
	Pow Log	-0.77
	Potential	Low

**12.4 Mobility in soil:**

Identification	Absorption/desorption		Volatility	
	methyl acetate CAS: 79-20-9	Koc	Not applicable (N/A)	Henry
	Conclusion	Not applicable (N/A)	Dry soil	Not applicable (N/A)
	Surface tension	2.454E-2 N/m (77 °F)	Moist soil	Not applicable (N/A)
acetone CAS: 67-64-1	Koc	1	Henry	2.93 Pa·m <sup>3</sup> /mol
	Conclusion	Very High	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	2.304E-2 N/m (77 °F)	Moist soil	Yes
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone CAS: 108-10-1	Koc	Not applicable (N/A)	Henry	Not applicable (N/A)
	Conclusion	Not applicable (N/A)	Dry soil	Not applicable (N/A)
	Surface tension	2.35E-2 N/m (77 °F)	Moist soil	Not applicable (N/A)
Methyl Ethyl Ketone CAS: 78-93-3	Koc	30	Henry	5.77 Pa·m <sup>3</sup> /mol
	Conclusion	Very High	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	2.396E-2 N/m (77 °F)	Moist soil	Yes
methanol CAS: 67-56-1	Koc	Not applicable (N/A)	Henry	Not applicable (N/A)
	Conclusion	Not applicable (N/A)	Dry soil	Not applicable (N/A)
	Surface tension	2.355E-2 N/m (77 °F)	Moist soil	Not applicable (N/A)

**12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:**

Non-applicable

**12.6 Other adverse effects:**

Not described

**SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

**13.1 Disposal methods:**

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**SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS (continued)**

The next characteristic per RCRA could apply to the unused product if it becomes a waste material: Ignitability. The next EPA hazardous waste number could apply: D001.

IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE WASTE GENERATOR TO EVALUATE WHETHER HIS WASTES ARE HAZARDOUS BY CHARACTERISTICS OR LISTING.

**Waste management (disposal and evaluation):**

Follow RCRA framework and EPA regulation for to ensure that hazardous waste is managed safely and properly. Waste should not be disposed of to drains. Remind, It is the responsibility of the waste generator to evaluate whether his wastes are hazardous by characteristics or listing. See section 6 for further information about Accidental release measures.

**Regulations related to waste management:**

Legislation related to waste management:

40 CFR Solid Wastes - Part 239 through 282.

State regulatory requirements for generators may be more stringent than those in the federal program. Be sure to check the state's policies.

**SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

**Transport of dangerous goods by land:**

With regard to 49 CFR on the Transport of Dangerous Goods:



- 14.1 UN number:** UN1133
- 14.2 UN proper shipping name:** ADHESIVES
- 14.3 Transport hazard class(es):** 3  
Labels: 3
- 14.4 Packing group, if applicable:** II
- 14.5 Marine pollutant:** No
- 14.6 Special precautions which a user needs to be aware of, or needs to comply with, in connection with transport or conveyance either within or outside their premises**  
Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9  
Limited quantities: 5 L
- 14.7 Transport in bulk (according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code):** Not applicable (N/A)

**Transport of dangerous goods by sea:**

With regard to IMDG 41-22:



- 14.1 UN number:** UN1133
- 14.2 UN proper shipping name:** ADHESIVES
- 14.3 Transport hazard class(es):** 3  
Labels: 3
- 14.4 Packing group, if applicable:** II
- 14.5 Marine pollutant:** No
- 14.6 Special precautions which a user needs to be aware of, or needs to comply with, in connection with transport or conveyance either within or outside their premises**  
Special regulations: Not applicable (N/A)  
EmS Codes: F-E, S-D  
Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9  
Limited quantities: 5 L  
Segregation group: Not applicable (N/A)
- 14.7 Transport in bulk (according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code):** Not applicable (N/A)

**Transport of dangerous goods by air:**

With regard to IATA/ICAO 2024:

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**SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION (continued)**



- 14.1 UN number:** UN1133
- 14.2 UN proper shipping name:** ADHESIVES
- 14.3 Transport hazard class(es):** 3  
Labels: 3
- 14.4 Packing group, if applicable:** II
- 14.5 Marine pollutant:** No
- 14.6 Special precautions which a user needs to be aware of, or needs to comply with, in connection with transport or conveyance either within or outside their premises**  
Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9
- 14.7 Transport in bulk (according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code):** Not applicable (N/A)

**SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

- 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question:**

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**SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION (continued)**

- CALIFORNIA LABOR CODE - The Hazardous Substances List: *methyl acetate (79-20-9)*; *methanol (67-56-1)*; *acetone (67-64-1)*; *Silicon dioxide (1 % < RCS < 10 %) (7631-86-9)*; *vinyl acetate (108-05-4)*; *Vinyl chloride (75-01-4)*; *acetaldehyde (75-07-0)*; *Methyl Ethyl Ketone (78-93-3)*; *Cyclohexanone (108-94-1)*; *Silicon dioxide (RCS < 1%) (7631-86-9)*
- California Proposition 65 (the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986) - Birth defects or other reproductive harm: *methanol (67-56-1)*; *Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (108-10-1)*
- California Proposition 65 (the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986) - Cancer: *Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (108-10-1)*; *Vinyl chloride (75-01-4)*; *acetaldehyde (75-07-0)*; *Silicon dioxide (RCS < 1%) (7631-86-9)*
- CANADA-Domestic Substances List (DSL): *methyl acetate (79-20-9)*; *methanol (67-56-1)*; *acetone (67-64-1)*; *Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (108-10-1)*; *Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, reaction products with silica (67762-90-7)*; *Silicon dioxide (1 % < RCS < 10 %) (7631-86-9)*; *Acrylonitrile-butadiene rubber, hydrogenated (88254-10-8)*; *Phenol, 4-methyl-, reaction products with dicyclopentadiene and isobutylene (68610-51-5)*; *vinyl acetate (108-05-4)*; *Vinyl chloride (75-01-4)*; *acetaldehyde (75-07-0)*; *propanal (123-38-6)*; *Oxydipropyl dibenzoate (27138-31-4)*; *Methyl Ethyl Ketone (78-93-3)*; *Cyclohexanone (108-94-1)*; *Sulfonic acids, petroleum, calcium salts (TBN < 300) (61789-86-4)*; *Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)*; *Aluminium hydroxide (21645-51-2)*; *Silicon dioxide (RCS < 1%) (7631-86-9)*; *Propylidynetrimethanol (77-99-6)*; *Quartz (1 % < RCS < 10%) (14808-60-7)*
- CANADA-Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL): *Limestone (1317-65-3)*
- Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) - Reportable Quantities: *methanol (67-56-1) - U154*; *acetone (67-64-1) - U002*; *Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (108-10-1) - U161*; *vinyl acetate (108-05-4) - 5000 lb*; *Vinyl chloride (75-01-4) - U043*; *acetaldehyde (75-07-0) - U001*; *propanal (123-38-6) - 1000 lb*; *Methyl Ethyl Ketone (78-93-3) - U159*; *Cyclohexanone (108-94-1) - U057*
- Hazardous Air Pollutants (Clean Air Act): *methanol (67-56-1)*; *Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (108-10-1)*; *vinyl acetate (108-05-4)*; *Vinyl chloride (75-01-4)*; *acetaldehyde (75-07-0)*; *propanal (123-38-6)*
- Massachusetts RTK - Substance List: *methyl acetate (79-20-9)*; *methanol (67-56-1)*; *acetone (67-64-1)*; *Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (108-10-1)*; *Silicon dioxide (1 % < RCS < 10 %) (7631-86-9)*; *vinyl acetate (108-05-4)*; *Vinyl chloride (75-01-4)*; *acetaldehyde (75-07-0)*; *propanal (123-38-6)*; *Methyl Ethyl Ketone (78-93-3)*; *Cyclohexanone (108-94-1)*; *Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)*; *Silicon dioxide (RCS < 1%) (7631-86-9)*; *Limestone (1317-65-3)*; *Quartz (1 % < RCS < 10%) (14808-60-7)*
- Minnesota - Hazardous substances ERTK: *methyl acetate (79-20-9)*; *methanol (67-56-1)*; *acetone (67-64-1)*; *Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (108-10-1)*; *Silicon dioxide (1 % < RCS < 10 %) (7631-86-9)*; *vinyl acetate (108-05-4)*; *Vinyl chloride (75-01-4)*; *acetaldehyde (75-07-0)*; *Methyl Ethyl Ketone (78-93-3)*; *Cyclohexanone (108-94-1)*; *Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)*; *Silicon dioxide (RCS < 1%) (7631-86-9)*; *Limestone (1317-65-3)*; *Quartz (1 % < RCS < 10%) (14808-60-7)*
- New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act: *methyl acetate (79-20-9)*; *methanol (67-56-1)*; *acetone (67-64-1)*; *Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (108-10-1)*; *vinyl acetate (108-05-4)*; *Vinyl chloride (75-01-4)*; *acetaldehyde (75-07-0)*; *propanal (123-38-6)*; *Methyl Ethyl Ketone (78-93-3)*; *Cyclohexanone (108-94-1)*; *Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)*; *Limestone (1317-65-3)*; *Quartz (1 % < RCS < 10%) (14808-60-7)*
- New York RTK - Substance list: *methyl acetate (79-20-9)*; *methanol (67-56-1)*; *acetone (67-64-1)*; *Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (108-10-1)*; *vinyl acetate (108-05-4)*; *Vinyl chloride (75-01-4)*; *acetaldehyde (75-07-0)*; *propanal (123-38-6)*; *Methyl Ethyl Ketone (78-93-3)*; *Cyclohexanone (108-94-1)*; *Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)*
- NTP (National Toxicology Program): *Silicon dioxide (1 % < RCS < 10 %) (7631-86-9)*; *Vinyl chloride (75-01-4)*; *acetaldehyde (75-07-0)*; *Silicon dioxide (RCS < 1%) (7631-86-9)*; *Quartz (1 % < RCS < 10%) (14808-60-7)*
- OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1096): *Silicon dioxide (1 % < RCS < 10 %) (7631-86-9)*; *Vinyl chloride (75-01-4)*; *Silicon dioxide (RCS < 1%) (7631-86-9)*; *Quartz (1 % < RCS < 10%) (14808-60-7)*
- Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law: *methyl acetate (79-20-9)*; *methanol (67-56-1)*; *acetone (67-64-1)*; *Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (108-10-1)*; *Silicon dioxide (1 % < RCS < 10 %) (7631-86-9)*; *vinyl acetate (108-05-4)*; *Vinyl chloride (75-01-4)*; *acetaldehyde (75-07-0)*; *propanal (123-38-6)*; *Methyl Ethyl Ketone (78-93-3)*; *Cyclohexanone (108-94-1)*; *Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)*; *Silicon dioxide (RCS < 1%) (7631-86-9)*; *Limestone (1317-65-3)*; *Quartz (1 % < RCS < 10%) (14808-60-7)*
- Rhode Island - Hazardous substances RTK: *methanol (67-56-1)*; *acetone (67-64-1)*; *vinyl acetate (108-05-4)*; *Vinyl chloride (75-01-4)*; *acetaldehyde (75-07-0)*; *propanal (123-38-6)*; *Methyl Ethyl Ketone (78-93-3)*; *Cyclohexanone (108-94-1)*
- The Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) (USA, Puerto Rico): *methyl acetate (79-20-9)*; *methanol (67-56-1)*; *acetone (67-64-1)*; *Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (108-10-1)*; *Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, reaction products with silica (67762-90-7)*; *Silicon dioxide (1 % < RCS < 10 %) (7631-86-9)*; *Acrylonitrile-butadiene rubber, hydrogenated (88254-10-8)*; *Phenol, 4-methyl-, reaction products with dicyclopentadiene and isobutylene (68610-51-5)*; *vinyl acetate (108-05-4)*; *Vinyl chloride (75-01-4)*; *acetaldehyde (75-07-0)*; *propanal (123-38-6)*; *Oxydipropyl dibenzoate (27138-31-4)*; *Methyl Ethyl Ketone (78-93-3)*; *Cyclohexanone (108-94-1)*; *Sulfonic acids, petroleum, calcium salts (TBN < 300) (61789-86-4)*; *Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)*; *Aluminium hydroxide (21645-51-2)*; *Silicon dioxide (RCS < 1%) (7631-86-9)*; *Propylidynetrimethanol (77-99-6)*; *Limestone (1317-65-3)*; *Quartz (1 % < RCS < 10%) (14808-60-7)*
- Toxic chemical release reporting under EPCRA section 313 (40 CFR Part 372): *methanol (67-56-1)*; *Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (108-10-1)*; *vinyl acetate (108-05-4)*; *Vinyl chloride (75-01-4)*; *acetaldehyde (75-07-0)*; *propanal (123-38-6)*

**Specific provisions in terms of protecting people or the environment:**

It is recommended to use the information provided in this safety data sheet as a foundation for conducting workplace-specific risk assessments. These assessments will help establish the appropriate risk prevention measures for handling, using, storing, and disposing of this product.

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**SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION (continued)**

**Other legislation:**

Take into consideration other applicable federal, state, and local laws and local regulations.

**SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

**Legislation related to safety data sheets:**

This safety data sheet has been designed in accordance with Appendix d to §1910.1200 - Safety data sheets

**Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 2:**

H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

**Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 3:**

The phrases indicated do not refer to the product itself; they are present merely for informative purposes and refer to the individual components which appear in section 3

**29 CFR 1910.1200:**

Acute Tox. 3: H301+H311+H331 - Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.

Acute Tox. 4: H332 - Harmful if inhaled.

Eye Irrit. 2A: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

Flam. Liq. 2: H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

STOT SE 1: H370 - Causes damage to organs.

STOT SE 3: H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**Advice related to training:**

According to 29 CFR 1910.1200, training on chemical hazards is necessary for employees using this product. This training will facilitate their understanding and interpretation of the safety data sheet, as well as the product label.

**Principal bibliographical sources:**

Occupational Safety & Health Administration (OSHA).

**Abbreviations and acronyms:**

IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods code

IATA: International Air Transport Association

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand

BOD5: 5-day biochemical oxygen demand

BCF: Bioconcentration factor

LD50: Lethal Dose 50

CL50: Lethal Concentration 50

EC50: Effective concentration 50

Log-POW: Octanol-water partition coefficient

Koc: Partition coefficient of organic carbon

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

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END OF SAFETY DATA SHEET