

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier Molybdate Reagent

**Product code** R-0601

Recommended use Use as directed by manufacturer for purposes directly related to water testing.

Recommended restrictions

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Company name Taylor Technologies, Inc.

Address 31 Loveton Circle

Sparks, MD 21152

**United States** 

Telephone (410) 472-4340 Monday-Friday, 8:00 a.m.-4:30 p.m.

Website www.taylortechnologies.com

E-mail Not available Emergency phone number (800) 837-8548

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Corrosive to metals Category 1

**Health hazards** Category 4 Acute toxicity, inhalation

> Eye damage/eye irritation Category 1 Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1B Specific target organ toxicity, repeated Category 2

exposure

Category 3 respiratory tract irritation Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure

**Environmental hazards** 

Label elements

Not currently regulated by OSHA; refer to section 12 of the SDS for additional information.



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement May be corrosive to metals. Harmful if inhaled. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May

cause damage to the heart and lungs through prolonged or repeated exposure. May cause

respiratory irritation.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Keep only in original container. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Use only outdoors or in a well-

ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Wash

skin thoroughly after handling. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. Response

IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

IF ON SKIN (OR HAIR): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

Immediately call a physician or poison control center if you feel unwell.

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IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Immediately call a physician or poison control center.

**Storage** Store in corrosive-resistant container with a corrosive-resistant inner liner. Store locked up.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international

regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified None
Supplemental information None

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### **Mixtures**

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Deionized water	Dihydrogen oxide	7732-18-5	90–99
Sulfuric acid	Hydrogen sulfate; Oil of vitriol	7664-93-9	5–10
Disodium molybdate	Molybdic acid, disodium salt	7631-95-0	0.1–5

#### 4. First-aid measures

**Inhalation** Move to fresh air. Give oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Get medical attention

immediately.

**Skin contact** Immediately flush skin with running water for at least 20 minutes. Immediately take off all

contaminated clothing. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Chemical burns

must be treated by a physician. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

**Eye contact** Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Ingestion Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Never give anything by

mouth to a person who is unconscious or is having convulsions. Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed by physician. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content does not get

into the lungs.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Direct skin contact may cause corrosive skin burns, deep ulcerations, and possibly permanent scarring. Direct contact with concentrated solutions may be corrosive to the eyes and may cause severe damage, including blindness. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision.

Inhalation of mists can cause severe respiratory irritation. Symptoms may include coughing, choking, and wheezing. Inhalation could result in pulmonary edema (fluid accumulation). Symptoms of pulmonary edema (chest pain, shortness of breath) may be delayed.

Ingestion may produce burns to the lips, oral cavity, upper airway, esophagus, and possibly the digestive tract. Symptoms may include abdominal pain, vomiting, burns, perforations, or

bleeding.

Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause damage to the heart and lungs.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**General information** 

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Immediate medical attention is required.

Ensure medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved and take precautions to protect themselves.

## 5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Carbon dioxide. Dry chemical powder. Foam. Water fog.

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

equipment and precautions for firefighters

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Firefighting equipment/instructions

Firefighters should wear full protective gear. Evacuate the area promptly. Fight fire from upwind to avoid exposure to combustion products. Cool containers/tanks with water spray. Do not get water inside container. Move containers from fire area if it can be done without risk. Prevent fire-extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

Specific methods
General fire hazards

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Not combustible; however, the product can react with metals to form flammable and explosive

hydrogen gas.

Hazardous combustion products

Sulfur oxides. Other irritating fumes and smoke.

#### 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment, and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during cleanup. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protective equipment, refer to section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Large Spills: Ventilate the area. Stop leak if it can be done without risk. Dike the spilled material where this is possible. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth, and place into containers. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements, or confined areas. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material. Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for reuse. For waste disposal, refer to section 13 of the SDS. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazards as the spilled product. In the event of a spill or accidental release, notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations.

**Environmental precautions** 

Avoid discharge into drains, watercourses, or onto the ground.

## 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Keep away from heat and other incompatibles. Avoid prolonged exposure. Wash skin thoroughly after handling. For personal protective equipment, refer to section 8 of the SDS. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Label containers appropriately.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (refer to section 10 of the SDS).

#### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

#### U.S. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Туре	Value	Form		
Disodium molybdate (CAS 7631-95-0)	PEL	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	as Mo		
Sulfuric acid (CAS 7664-93-9)	PEL	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not applicable		
U.S. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values					
Components	Туре	Value	Form		
Disodium molybdate (CAS 7631-95-0)	TWA	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Respirable fraction as Mo		
Sulfuric acid (CAS 7664-93-9)	TWA	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Thoracic fraction		
U.S. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards					
Components	Туре	Value	Form		
Sulfuric acid (CAS 7664-93-9)	TWA	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not applicable		

**Biological limit values** 

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s)

Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eyewash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

> Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles) and a face shield. Provide an emergency

eyewash fountain and quick-drench shower in the immediate work area.

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical-resistant gloves. Advice should be sought from glove suppliers.

Other Wear appropriate chemical-resistant clothing

Respiratory protection In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Use a NIOSH/MSHA

approved respirator if there is a risk of exposure to dust/fumes at levels exceeding the exposure

limits. Advice should be sought from respiratory protection suppliers.

Thermal hazards When necessary, wear appropriate thermal protective clothing.

General hygiene Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material considerations

and before eating, drinking and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective

equipment to remove contamination.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state Liquid Form Liquid

Color Clear, colorless

Odor Odorless **Odor threshold** Not available

8.0 рH

Melting point/freezing point Not available 215°F (101.7°C) Initial boiling point and boiling

range

Flash point Not applicable (does not burn)

**Evaporation rate** Not available Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

Flammability limit, Not applicable

lower (%)

Flammability limit, Not applicable

upper (%)

**Explosive limit,** Not applicable

lower (%)

**Explosive limit,** Not applicable

upper (%)

Vapor pressure 17 mm Hg Vapor density 0.6

Relative density 1.05 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Soluble in all proportions

Partition coefficient Not available

(n-octanol/water)

**Auto-ignition temperature** Not applicable **Decomposition temperature** Not available **Viscosity** Not available

Other information

**Explosive properties** Not applicable Oxidizing properties Not applicable Percent volatile 99% Specific gravity 1.05

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity This product is stable and nonreactive under normal conditions of use, storage, and transport.

**Chemical stability** Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

May react violently with water. May ignite combustible material.

Conditions to avoid High temperatures. Direct sources of heat. Exposure to light. Direct sunlight. Contact with

incompatible materials. Do not use in areas without adequate ventilation.

Incompatible materials Metal compounds. Oxidizing agents. Strong alkalis.

Hazardous decomposition

products

None known. For hazardous combustion products, refer to section 5 of the SDS.

### 11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Harmful if inhaled Inhalation

Skin contact Causes severe skin burns Eve contact Causes serious eye damage

Ingestion Harmful if swallowed. Causes digestive tract burns.

Most important

symptoms/effects, acute

and delayed

Direct skin contact may cause corrosive skin burns, deep ulcerations, and possibly permanent scarring. Direct contact with concentrated solutions may be corrosive to the eyes and may cause severe damage, including blindness. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling,

and blurred vision.

Inhalation of mists can cause severe respiratory irritation. Symptoms may include coughing, choking, and wheezing. Inhalation could result in pulmonary edema (fluid accumulation). Symptoms of pulmonary edema (chest pain, shortness of breath) may be delayed.

Ingestion may produce burns to the lips, oral cavity, upper airway, esophagus, and possibly the digestive tract. Symptoms may include abdominal pain, vomiting, burns, perforations, or

bleeding.

Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause damage to the heart and lungs.

Harmful if inhaled Acute toxicity

Product	Species	Test Results
Molybdate Reagent (CAS Mixture)	•	
Acute		
Dermal		
LD <sub>50</sub>	Rabbit	Not available
Inhalation		
LC <sub>50</sub>	Rat	1.39 mg/L, 4 hours (mist)
Oral		
LD <sub>50</sub>	Rat	7958 mg/kg
Components	Species	Test Results

Disodium molybdate (CAS 7631-95-0)

Acute

Dermal

LD<sub>50</sub> Rabbit Not available

Inhalation

>2080 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 4 hours  $LC_{50}$ Rat

Oral

 $LD_{50}$ Rat 4000 mg/kg

Sulfuric acid (CAS 7664-93-9)

Acute

Dermal

Rabbit Not available  $LD_{50}$ 

Inhalation

LC<sub>50</sub> Rat 0.375 mg/L, 4 hours (mist)

Oral

 $LD_{50}$  Rat 2140 mg/kg

Deionized water (CAS 7732-18-5)

Acute Dermal

LD<sub>50</sub> Rabbit Not available

Inhalation

LC<sub>50</sub> Rat Not available

Oral

 $LD_{50}$  Rat >89840 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritationCauses severe skin burnsSerious eye damage/eyeCauses severe eye damage

irritation

**Respiratory sensitization** Not expected to be a respiratory sensitizer

Skin sensitization Not expected to be a skin sensitizer

Germ cell mutagenicity Not expected to be mutagenic

Carcinogenicity This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, NTP, OSHA, or U.S. ACGIH.

Occupational exposure to strong inorganic acid mists containing sulfuric acid is carcinogenic to humans. The information located is insufficient to conclude that sulfuric acid itself is a carcinogen. IARC has concluded there is sufficient evidence that occupational exposure to strong inorganic acid mists containing sulfuric acid is carcinogenic to humans (Group 1). ACGIH has designated strong inorganic acid mists containing sulfuric acid as A2 (suspected human carcinogen). NTP has listed strong inorganic acid mists containing sulfuric acid as a known human carcinogen. These classifications are for inorganic acid mists containing sulfuric acid and

do not apply to sulfuric acid or sulfuric acid solutions.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1096)

Not regulated

**Reproductive toxicity** This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Specific target organ toxicity,

single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation

Specific target organ toxicity,

repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Aspiration toxicity Not expected to be an aspiration hazard

**Chronic effects** Frequent or prolonged overexposure may affect the heart and lungs.

12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity**This product is not classified as environmentally hazardous; however, this does not exclude the

possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Components Species Test Results

Sulfuric acid

(CAS 7664-93-9) - Aquatic

Acute

Algae

EC<sub>50</sub> Green algae (*Pseudokirchneriella* 

>100 mg/L, 72 hours

subcapitata)

Crustacea

EC<sub>50</sub> Water flea (Daphnia magna) 29 mg/L, 24 hours

Fish

LC<sub>50</sub> Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus) 16–28 mg/L, 96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Bioaccumulative potential

Mobility in soil

Not available

Not available

Other adverse effects

No other adverse environmental effects (e.g., ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

#### 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Collect and reclaim or dispose of in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Dispose of

contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

**Local disposal regulations** Dispose of in accordance with all applicable regulations.

**Hazardous waste code**The waste code should be assigned in discussion with the user, the producer, and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues/unused

products

Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container

must be disposed of in a safe manner (refer to Disposal instructions).

**Contaminated packaging** Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste-handling site for recycling or disposal.

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container

is emptied.

### 14. Transportation information

DOT

UN number UN3264

**UN proper shipping name** Corrosive liquid, acidic, inorganic, N.O.S. (Sulfuric acid)

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 8

Subsidiary risk Not listed Label(s) 8

Packing group

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS, and emergency procedures before handling.

Special provisions B2, IB2, T11, TP2, TP27

Packaging exceptions 154
Packaging, non-bulk 202
Packaging, bulk 241

IATA

UN number UN3264

UN proper shipping name Corrosive liquid, acidic, inorganic, N.O.S. (Sulfuric acid)

Allowed

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 8

Subsidiary risk Not listed Packing group

Environmental hazards Not listed ERG code 8L

Special precautions for user

Other information

Read safety instructions, SDS, and emergency procedures before handling.

Passenger and cargo aircraft

Cargo aircraft only Allowed

**IMDG** 

UN number UN3264

UN proper shipping name Transport hazard class(es)

Corrosive liquid, acidic, inorganic, N.O.S. (Sulfuric acid)

This substance/mixture is not intended to be transported in bulk.

Class 8

Subsidiary risk Not listed

Packing group

**Environmental hazards** 

Marine pollutant Not listed EmS F-A, S-B

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS, and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code



IATA; IMDG



## 15. Regulatory information

U.S. federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

One or more components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory list.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated

CERCLA Hazardous Substance (40 CFR 302.4)

Sulfuric acid (CAS 7664-93-9)

**SARA 304 Emergency Release Notification** 

Sulfuric acid (CAS 7664-93-9) 1000 lbs.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1096)

Not regulated

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

**Hazard categories** 

Immediate hazard — yes Delayed hazard — no Fire hazard — no Pressure hazard — no Reactivity hazard — no

**SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substance** 

Chemical name	CAS number	Reportable quantity (lb.)	Threshold planning quantity (lb.)	Threshold planning quantity lower value	Threshold planning quantity upper value
Sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	1000	1000	Not applicable	Not applicable

#### SARA 311/312 Hazardous Chemical

Not regulated

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by weigh	
Sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	5–10	

#### Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)

Not regulated

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Sulfuric acid (CAS 7664-93-9)

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

Sulfuric acid (CAS 7664-93-9) 6552

#### Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

Sulfuric acid (CAS 7664-93-9) 20% W/V

### **DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number**

Sulfuric acid (CAS 7664-93-9) 6552

#### Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)

Not regulated

#### U.S. state regulations

## California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)

Not regulated

## Massachusetts Right-to-Know Act

Sulfuric acid (CAS 7664-93-9)

### New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Sulfuric acid (CAS 7664-93-9)

#### Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Sulfuric acid (CAS 7664-93-9)

### Rhode Island Right-to-Know Act

Sulfuric acid (CAS 7664-93-9)

### California Proposition 65

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins.

### California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/carcinogenic substance

Sulfuric acid (CAS 7664-93-9) This product is not an inorganic acid mist containing sulfuric acid; therefore, the Proposition 65 statement does not apply.

#### International inventories

Country(ies) or region Inventory name		Inventory name	On inventory	
			(yes/no)*	
	Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	yes	
	Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	yes	
	Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	no	
	China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China (IECSC)	yes	
	Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	yes	
	Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	no	
	Japan	Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	yes	
	Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	yes	
	New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)	yes	
	Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	yes	
	United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)	yes	

<sup>\*</sup>A "yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(ies).

#### 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

List of abbreviations

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AICS: Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

CAA: Clean Air Act

CAS: Chemical Abstract Services

CERCLA: Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act

CFR: Code of Federal Regulations
CSA: Canadian Standards Association
DEA: Drug Enforcement Agency
DOT: Department of Transportation
DSL: Domestic Substances List
EC: effective concentration
ECL: Existing Chemicals List

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

ENCS: Existing and New Chemical Substances

Material name: Molybdate Reagent; R-0601

A "no" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(ies).

EPA: Environmental Protection Agency

HAP: hazardous air pollutants

HMIS: Hazardous Materials Identification System

HNOC: hazards not otherwise classified

HPA: Hazardous Products Act

HSDB: Hazardous Substances Data Bank

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

IATA: International Air Transport Association

IBC Code: International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships Carrying Dangerous

Chemicals in Bulk

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization

IECSC: Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IUCLID: International Uniform Chemical Information Database

LC: lethal concentration

LD: lethal dose

MARPOL: marine pollution

MSHA: Mine Safety and Health Administration NDSL: Non-Domestic Substances List NFPA: National Fire Protection Association

NIOSH: National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health

NOEC: no observable effect concentration

NTP: National Toxicology Program

NZIoC: New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

OECD: Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

OEL: occupational exposure limits

OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration

PEL: permissible exposure limits

PICCS: Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

PPE: personal protective equipment

RCRA: Resource Conservation and Recovery

Act RQ: reportable quantity

RTECS: Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances

RTK: right to know

SARA: Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act

SDS: Safety Data Sheet SDWA: Safe Drinking Water Act STEL: short-term exposure limit TLV: threshold limit values

TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act TWA: time-weighted average VOC: volatile organic compounds

WEL: workplace exposure limit

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